

CASSILTOUN HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED
GROUP REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Registered Housing Association No. 84

FCA Registration No. 2190R(S)

Registered Charity No. SC035544







BOARD OF MANAGEMENT, EXECUTIVES AND ADVISERS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Board of Management

George Kelly Evelyn Ferguson Julie McNeil

Teresa McGowan Anne M Stuart MBE

William Craig Debbie MacKenzie

James Garrow Donna Ferguson Richard Sullivan Kim McKee

Chris O'Brien Barbara Dusik Chair Secretary Treasurer Vice Chairperson

Resigned 12 August 2019 Resigned 19 June 2019

Co-opted

Executive Officers

Clair Malpas Gamal Haddou Fiona McGowan Chief Executive Director of Finance Director of Operations

Registered Office

Castlemilk Stables 59 Machrie Road Castlemilk Glasgow G45 0AZ

External Auditor	Internal Auditor	Banker	Solicitor
Scott-Moncrieff Audit Services 25 Bothwell Street Glasgow G2 6NL	Wylie & Bissett 168 Bath Street Glasgow G2 4TP	Bank of Scotland 110 St Vincent Street Glasgow G2 5ER	T C Young 7 West George Street Glasgow G2 1BA

Registration particulars

Financial Conduct Authority

Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014

Registered Number 2190 R(S)

Scottish Housing Regulator

Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 Registered Number 84

Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator

Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005

Scottish Charity Number SC 035544

CONTENTS

. 8

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	Page
Report of the Board of Management (incorporating the Strategic Report)	1
Statement of the Board of Management's responsibilities	10
Statement on internal financial control	11
Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Cassiltoun Housing Association Limited on the Financial Statements	12
Report by the Auditor to the Members of Cassiltoun Housing Association Limited on Internal Financial Controls	15
Group Statement of Comprehensive Income	16
Association Statement of Comprehensive Income	17
Group Statement of Changes in Capital and Reserves	18
Association Statement of Changes in Capital and Reserves	19
Group Statement of Financial Position	20
Association Statement of Financial Position	21
Group Statement of Cash Flows	22
Notes to the financial statements	23

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

The Board of Management presents its Report of the Board of Management (incorporating the Strategic Report) and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Principal Activities

The principal activity of Cassiltoun Housing Association Limited is the development, management and maintenance of housing for people in housing need.

The Association has two subsidiaries, Cassiltoun Trust and Cassiltoun Stables Nursery Limited. Cassiltoun Trust is a charitable company established to conserve for the benefit of the public, buildings of historical and architectural significance; advance knowledge about the history and role of Castlemilk; and provide facilities for education, training, employment and recreational time. The principal activity of Cassiltoun Stables Nursery Limited is to provide a first class nursery childcare facility for 0-5 year olds set alongside a local park and woodland environment.

Cassiltoun Housing Association Limited is registered with the Financial Conduct Authority as a Community Benefit entity, The Office of the Scottish Charities Regulator (OSCR) as a Charity and the Scottish Housing Regulator as a Registered Social Landlord. The Association is incorporated in Scotland.

The table below shows the property we own:-

2020	2019
2	2
975	975
3	3
40	40
1,018	1,018
	£ 975 3 40

Our Strategic Aims

Cassiltoun Housing Association Limited has as its Strategic Aims:

- To ensure our rents remain affordable by maintaining a stock base sufficient to achieve economies of scale and deliver effective services in a cost efficient way;
- Maintain the high quality of our housing and service provision, ensuring the comfort of tenants and the protection of our investment;
- Contribute to the wellbeing of the local community by working with tenants, residents, partners and funders to develop initiatives that promote regeneration and increased levels of inclusion;
- Ensure that the work of the Cassiltoun Group is supported by good governance, effective financial, management and regulatory compliance and robust administrative and HR systems; and
- Ensure we attract and retain highly skilled and knowledgeable staff and Board members and develop our staff and Board members through education, training and coaching.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Our Operational Objectives 2019/20

1 Governance

- To maintain recruitment of new board members to assist with the strategic leadership and direction;
- To support our Board of Management's agreed training and learning plan;
- · Supporting our subsidiary companies with effective management and Governance support; and
- To prepare for the introduction of new Assurance Statement from the Scottish Housing Regulator.

2 Operational Performance

- Maintain performance across the KPI's and SMART plans set out in the Internal Management Plan;
- Deliver the objectives set in the Asset Management Plan and deliver our 2019/20 major repair improvement plans;
- Continue to maintain the effectiveness of our reactive, cyclical and environmental contracts;
- Ensure that the Associations preparations for Universal Credit continues to be effective;
- Complete necessary energy efficiency works to comply with EESSH before the 2020 deadline; and
- Complete necessary work to ensure that we are compliant with new fire and smoke detector regulations by 2021.

3 Progress with our Development Plans

- Completion at Barlia 3 by December 2019 and subsequent site start at Castlemilk Drive; and
- Progress with plans for the Nursery Land site.
- 4 To meet existing funders expectations and continue to seek other opportunities to continue with non-housing regeneration plans.
- 5 Put on the Castlemilk Park events programme and progress with ongoing regeneration of the park.
- 6 Maintain compliance of the Investors in People review of platinum standard.
- 7 Progress with plans to create Cassiltoun Environmental Services (new social enterprise) subsidiary.
- 8 Prepare for the extension of Freedom of Information Act to social landlords.
- 9 Introduce a 3 year internal audit programme.
- 10 Undertake a tenant satisfaction survey in the autumn.

We completed all but two of these objectives with the development programme slipping into 2020/21 and the planned social enterprise subsidiary awaiting the outcome of registration as a charity with OSCR.

Our Mission Statement

We aim to enhance the quality of life of our clients and to regenerate and sustain our community through housing-led and resident controlled initiatives.

Financial Review

Association

Overall, we completed the year very close to expectations for management & maintenance administration costs whilst other areas of the business were impacted a little by external factors and COVID-19 in the final month of the year. Rental income was down slightly from what we planned however this was more than made up by external grants to undertake activities in the community and provide tenants with much needed financial and day to day support.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Financial Review (continued)

Management costs included an increase in legal activity due to higher tenant casework however this was largely offset from savings over other areas of the business. In the year we reclassified our money advice team out of wider role activities into mainstream management hence leading to the 12.5% increase from a year ago. On a like for like basis without this reclassification the underlying rise is 3.8%.

Our major repairs activity was underspent by a month due to work slowing down in late February but will resume as restrictions are eased. However, we faced an increase in reactive maintenance work and more items needing replaced resulting in a rise of 7.2% from the previous year which had been predicted early on. In line with our procurement policy the contract was put out to tender but on a slightly different basis and to test the market. It was won by the existing contractor City Building and we expect these new contract terms to be financially favourable.

Our development at Barlia 3 was delayed due to external factors as outlined on the following page and this resulted in rental income being £55k lower than expected. As a consequence loan borrowing was not needed and a reduction of £46k was achieved on interest payable. The decision and strategy not to borrow earlier in the year has benefitted the bank covenants which would otherwise have been adversely impacted by lower rent, both for this year and the year ahead.

In the year the Board received three reports from newly appointed internal auditors at Wylie & Bisset plus a fourth from our GDPR consultant and Data Protection Officer which have helped strengthen the assurance framework and shown clear adherence to the Regulator's expectations and standards. The reports concluded that controls and performance over each area was strong. In October the Board submitted its first annual Assurance Statement to the Scottish Housing Regulator.

This is the second year of the SHAPS Pension Scheme being accounted for as a defined benefit scheme since information became available to separate out the assets and liabilities between Association scheme members. It initially resulted in an accounting charge of £220k whereas this year the scheme has eliminated the accounting deficit. In future years there is likely to be similar volatility arising from valuations as also seen in the Strathclyde pensions scheme having a large deficit in the prior year whereas this year has incurred an actuarial gain. This is managed by taking a long term view of pensions and keeping abreast of assumptions used by the actuaries.

Group

The group turnover of £5,656k arises mainly from the housing association with revenue of £563k from the Nursery and the Trust contributing £41k after removing its inter-group trading. Turnover is marginally above our expectations and costs are monitored closely within each entity.

The Nursery made an exceptional surplus of £123k due to the very high levels of grant funding received and underlying profitably remains around £20k after losses in the initial years after start up. The Trust reported a modest surplus in the year of £14k after increasing its lease charge recently with the Association. The Trust's main asset is the Stables building which increased in value after being professionally surveyed despite the on-going problems with the ground source heating system. This valuation is not entered into the accounts which instead is based on deemed historical cost.

Principal Risk and Uncertainties

The Group has a robust planning framework in place which includes how we manage risk and uncertainties. Each part of the Group has a risk register which is regularly reviewed and specific areas or activity (for example development) have their own risk registers.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Principal Risk and Uncertainties (continued)

The rollout of Universal Credit and its impact on tenants remains our highest risk on the register. This is mitigated by having an in-house advice team that can support tenants and owners helping them manage and budget personal finances; and keep the staff team informed of the changes with their likely impact. There is no doubt there will be short term and longer term implications of COVID-19 on the Association, our tenants and the wider community in the years to come that we will need to take into cognisance.

The impact of servicing the SHAPS defined benefit pension liability on the Association's cash flow and the risk in respect of the SHAPS defined benefit pension liability is managed through monitoring the scheme valuations and including all costs into the long term business plan.

COVID-19 interrupted operations for the Association but we swiftly invoked our business continuity plan to limit the impact and have staff working remotely from home within two days. The finance team made sure our suppliers are paid promptly and claimed for 8 Association staff, whose work had come to a halt, under the Government's job retention scheme (JRS) along with a further 18 Nursery staff. These actions have ensured essential business activities continue whilst protecting the safety of tenants, staff, Board and our contractors. The Nursery closed completely in line with Government requirements and the JRS allows it to keep all staff employed at full wages until such time it can re-open safely.

Future Plans

Association

The Association's "Barlia 3" development of 42 properties has been delayed due to issues surrounding connection of utilities and services followed by the COVID-19 impact on building and construction. We expect to have the properties handed over two months after construction firms are allowed to commence activities again. This is followed by phase two of our development plan by building 60 flats on Castlemilk Drive in partnership with Crudens Construction with an anticipated site start around October 2020.

The final third phase is exploring the development of spare ground to the south of the Association's office known as the Nursery Site, which would be built in conjunction with the private sector. A feasibility study has been completed and meetings with Glasgow City Council agreeing a preferred site layout of a mix of properties for social rent and houses for sale by a commercial builder. The Board have narrowed down options for this site and we continue to work closely with Glasgow City Council, City Property (Glasgow) and other key stakeholders to undertake a full site investigation, fine tune the development layout and establish a fair price for the land acquisition. We are also working with our partners and funders on a proposal to build a new Enterprise Centre on the site to provide much needed business accommodation and space for community activities.

The new build housing will help many people on our waiting list who require larger or smaller accommodation and we anticipate further housing needs being met as a result of internal transfers. This will also contribute to Glasgow City Councils Strategic Housing Plan to alleviate homelessness.

Group

The Stables Nursery provides both indoor and outdoor childcare. There were some vacant spaces (registration is for 57 FTE's) and it will work towards quickly resuming numbers once re-opened and have a target of 49 FTE's during 2021/22. The Aspiring Communities Fund assisted with the development of the Nursery and in outdoor provision in the adjacent woodland. Working in partnership with Glasgow City Council with regards to funded places has also assisted in the growth of the nursery.

Cassiltoun Trust will continue its work with the wider community both in the Stables and in the local woodland by offering a wide range of community focussed activities, improving the greenspace and creating opportunities for volunteering and training. Extra accommodation space is currently being explored by acquiring two 'garden pods' to use within the group for much needed meeting and community events space.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Financial and Non-Financia	Key Performance Indicators
----------------------------	----------------------------

Association

Staff Costs / Turnover Management Administration Costs / Turnover Reactive Maintenance / Turnover Bank loan Interest Payable / Turnover Current Ratio (current assets / current liabilities) Bank loan interest Cover (operating surplus/bank loan interest) Asset cover (total assets less current liabilities / creditors > 1yr) Debt per Housing Unit (general needs)	2019/20 24.7% 28.8% 14.5% 5.0% 1.9 times 3.3 times 1.3 times £6,564	2018/19 24.3% 24.6% 13.7% 5.3% 3.2 times 3.2 times 1.2 times £6,641
Group		
Staff Costs / Turnover Management Administration Costs / Turnover Average number of days to pay suppliers	2019/20 27.6% 24.9% 21 days	2018/19 27.4% 21.6% 22 days

Corporate Governance

Our governing body is our Board of Management which is responsible to the wider membership. Board of Management members serve in a voluntary and unpaid capacity and we recognise that this puts even more onus on us to ensure that we set and achieve high standards of professionalism in our work.

The Board of Management is elected by the members of the Association. It is the responsibility of the Board to oversee and lead the strategy and overall direction of the Association, set policy and monitor the operational activities of the Association and its subsidiary companies.

Going Concern

The Board of Management has reviewed this year's results and projections for the next 20 years. It has a strong expectation that the Group and Association has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The COVID-19 pandemic has interrupted our operations whilst the office building was closed to the public but the financial impact is limited with minor change to our turnover expected. Thus, the going concern basis of accounting is adopted in preparing the financial statements.

Performance Management

During 2019/20, the Association demonstrated continuous improvement in many areas of our performance underpinned by a planning framework which includes staff SMART plans, the Operational Service Plan, the Asset Management Plan and the Association's Financial Business Plans.

The Association produced its sixth Tenants Charter Report Card in October 2019 which outlined our charter performance and how we benchmark both locally and against the Scottish average. Furthermore, areas that require action for improvement have been identified and published. We receive very few complaints of a serious nature and we take prompt action to resolve and learn from those received.

Best use of resources

In the year the Association sustained its Investors in People Platinum award and HWL Gold Award recognising that staff are its most important asset. The Association is committed to staff development, training and maintenance of a good working environment. Our ongoing performance, future improvements and strong customer focus depends on a highly motivated and well trained staff team and we believe our performance, high levels of tenant satisfaction and attendance management demonstrates this. Investment in our staff team is critical to our success.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Best use of resources (continued)

Our planned major repairs programme was slightly underspent in the year however we achieved:-

- £115k undertaking fabric repairs at Hoddam Ave and Ballantay Road to complete 162 flats,
- £131k on smoke and CO detector upgrades,
- £494k of kitchen and bathroom replacements to 70 properties,
- £61k of gas central heating replacements to 19 properties, and
- £52k on miscellaneous wiring and windows.

Our reactive repairs service is delivered by one multi trade contractor with high tenant satisfaction levels and performance of 90% achieved in the 2019/20 tenant's satisfaction survey. Tenants continue to play a vital role in monitoring this performance. The service was re-tendered during the year being won by our existing contractor.

We completed 3,541 repairs, an increase of 221 from the year prior. The table below summarises our targets, repair type and performance.

CATEGORY	TARGET	NUMBER	COMPLETED ON TIME	% COMPLETED WITHIN TIME
Emergency	6 hours	875	875	100.0%
Urgent and Routine	3 days / 10 days	2,666	2,662	99.8%

Void management performance continues to be strong, despite an increase in void properties this year. The Association set a higher target of £16k (0.37%) for rent lost through voids in anticipation of some tenants moving into our new Barlia flats. We achieved a very good 0.18%. This is significantly below our business planning assumption which is a conservative 2% although we know the year ahead cannot be as low due to extra voids expected.

The Association's arrears management faced a number of challenges with the roll out of Universal Credit and the impact of COVID-19 just before the year end. Performance for the first time was worse than the target set. We believe that our planned approach to the risks surrounding rental income and arrears levels is being controlled and managed effectively:

Budget target was 2.8% Performance was 3.3%

The Association continues to prioritise the emerging risks associated with Welfare Reform and in particular the role out of Universal Credit. We have maintained current staffing resources within the Operations Team (including the Advice Team) to assist tenants and to cope with the associated additional work load. The Advice Team achieved over £3.5million of income for its service users over the first 5 years which was independently verified during a service review for the funder. This year the team have achieved £524K of income for the service users and managed £190K of debt. We believe our approach has helped to maintain good performance and mitigate this risk. The benefit of this to the Association is directly translated into lower arrears and more staff time to devote to service delivery.

Following on from previous years we believe that sustained performance has been achieved against a backdrop of business growth and a demanding policy context. The Board and staff focus on achieving better value for money and greater efficiencies whilst continuing to provide the high quality and comprehensive range of services that our tenants have come to expect. This is supported by continuous monitoring to ensure that our key targets are met and also to allow us to take corrective action should the Association encounter unplanned trends or changes that may adversely affect it.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Best use of resources (continued)

Like every other housing association and local authority with housing stock, the Association has ensured that its properties meet the "Scottish Housing Quality Standard." This was independently verified and is excellent news for our tenants and for our long term financial forecasting. A further Stock Condition Survey will be carried out in 2020/21 to ensure ongoing compliance and update for pricing changes.

The Association had an independent cloning exercise of our properties carried out to ensure and verify that the Energy Efficiency Targets set by the Scottish Government for 2020 had been achieved and continue to work to a plan to ensure that compliance continues and to work towards EESSH2.

Community Regeneration Activities

External funding of £265k across the Group has enabled the Association to continue to develop and expand its successful regeneration programme. The highly successful programme could not be achieved without the support from our external funders, the work or local partners and our committed volunteers.

The events this year have included

- · Volunteering and health and wellbeing programmes;
- Youth activities;
- · School holiday 'food and fun' programme;
- Community gardening and cooking;
- · Art and creative activities including Stables Studio, Glass workshops and Drumming; and
- Social gatherings and trips including visits to the Kelpies, Blair Drummond safari park, a pumpkin festival and community cinema.

Tenant Feedback

Feedback from tenants remains positive with regular high levels of overall satisfaction being identified from satisfaction surveys, regular consultations and from our tenant focus group.

Business Continuity Plan

The Group has a combined plan with robust procedures in place to deal with disasters and any severe business interruptions which was successfully implemented just before the end of the year due to the COVID-19 pandemic. On the 24 March 2020 the offices were closed on the instruction of the UK government as were most other businesses. Some staff had previously been undertaking work from home to allow fewer people in the office and maintain safe working distances. Over the course of the following week essential core functions were closely monitored to ensure these continued uninterrupted and vulnerable tenants were contacted to ensure their well being and safety.

As we moved into April the remote working infrastructure was holding up well although some staff were unable to work due to family and home demands, whilst a small number of others were facing less work with activities like allocations and day to day general repairs significantly reduced whilst some others stopped completely like construction. The Board agreed that these staff could be furloughed under the Governments plans to protect the economy and businesses.

The Association was fortunate in upgrading all computers during the year and having a strong IT policy that supported home working, allowed flexibility but nevertheless required access controls and security to be as strong as when working inside the office.

Whilst business interruption insurance was taken out the early indications are that with COVID-19 being an unknown disease and no physical damage then the insurer is not liable to cover some increased costs. These however have been kept to a minimum and the Association is well placed to resume all activities as soon as it is allowed and following whatever new procedures are necessary to keep tenants, staff and contractors safe during 2020 and beyond.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Performance Review

The Board reviews performance on an ongoing basis at both full Board meetings and through its subcommittees. A traffic light monitoring system is used to quickly identify any sign that a set objective may not be achieved. At the end of the year we were pleased that 16 of 20 objectives were achieved with the remaining 4 making considerable progress with no concern.

Policies and Procedures

The Board approves policy and procedures on a rolling basis unless changes in guidance or legislation enforce earlier reviews. The Association has over 70 policies and procedures that provide the necessary guidance on how it runs and manages its business in accordance with these procedures and rules.

Credit Payment Policy

The Association's policy concerning the payment of its trade creditors complies with the Confederation of British Industry guidelines. The average payment period went above target during the first half of the year due to external factors but then reduced for the second half of the year and so remained at 21 days from receipt of invoice, paid via a weekly payment run. The target originally set was within 22 days.

Rental Income

The Association's Rent Policy is a points system based on the size, type and facilities of the provided accommodation. For new developments the rent is set based on property size and in line with the Scottish Government's benchmark amounts. The policy ensures that the rent structure is easy to administer and covers the wide variations within the Association's properties.

Budgetary Process

Each year the Board approves the budget and rolling five-year strategic plan where key risk areas are identified. Performance is monitored and relevant action taken throughout the year with monthly reporting to the Senior Management Team and bi-monthly Board reporting. Variations from the budget are explained and forecasts updated together with information on key risk areas. Approval procedures are in place in respect of major areas of risk such as significant contract tenders, expenditure and treasury management.

Treasury Management

The Association has an active treasury management function, which operates in accordance with the Treasury Management Policy. In this way the Association manages its borrowing arrangements to ensure that it is always in a position to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. Excess balances were placed into a 32 day notice account until late March when saving rates dropped significantly. The Association, as a matter of policy, does not enter into transactions of a speculative nature. At March 2020, the Association maintains its mix of 56% long term fixed and 44% variable rate loan finance. Due to a longer construction period for our 42 Barlia properties no new borrowing was undertaken and we avoided £46k of extra interest payments. During 2020 we will move towards increasing the variable proportion by borrowing £2.5 million and achieve a ratio closer to 40% long term with 60% variable.

Quality and Integrity of Personnel

The integrity and competence of personnel are ensured through high recruitment standards and subsequent training courses. High quality personnel are seen as an essential part of the control environment and the ethical standards expected are communicated through the Chief Executive. Clair Malpas was promoted into the role of Chief Executive on 1 April 2019.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Board of Management

The Board of Management of Cassiltoun Housing Association Limited during the year ended 31 March 2020 and up to the date of signing the financial statements was as follows:

George Kelly Evelyn Ferguson

Julie McNeil

Teresa McGowan Anne M Stuart MBE

William Craig

Sub-committee

Membership

Chair Secretary Treasurer

Vice-chairperson

4 Staffing

Development & Regeneration 5 5 Operations

Group Audit

Debbie MacKenzie Richard Sullivan Kim McKee

Chris O'Brien Barbara Duisk James Garrow

Co-opted from 25/9/19 Resigned 12/8/19 Donna Ferguson Resigned 19/06/19

Both subsidiaries are managed by their individual Board and have at least one member from the Association.

Each member of the Board of Management holds one fully paid share of £1 in Cassiltoun Housing Association Limited. The executive officers of Cassiltoun Housing Association Limited hold no interest in its share capital and although not having the legal status of a "director" they act as executives within the authority delegated by the Board.

They choose Board members who have specific expertise in a similar field and meet at least 4 times a year.

During the year Board members continued their internal and external training sessions as identified during formal appraisal and needs assessment. The outcome was to identify individual strengths and weaknesses and to create training plans that will improve their effectiveness as Board members. In addition 1-to-1 interviews between the Chief Executive and Association office bearers are carried out.

Disclosure of Information to the Auditor

To the knowledge and belief of each of the persons who are members of the Board of Management at the time the report is approved:

- So far as the Board of Management members are aware, there is no relevant information of which the Group's auditor is unaware; and
- He/she has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a Board of Management member in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information, and to establish that the Group's auditor is aware of the information.

Auditor

The appointed auditor, Scott-Moncrieff, tendered their resignation during 2019 and were replaced by Scott-Moncrieff Audit Services. Scott-Moncrieff Audit Services have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditor and will be proposed for reappointment at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the Boa	rd of Management
Evelyn Ferguson Secretary	

Date: 24 June 2020

STATEMENT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

The Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 requires the Board of Management to prepare Financial Statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Association and Group and of the income and expenditure of the Association and Group for that period. In preparing those Financial Statements, the Board of Management is required to:-

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the Financial Statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Association and Group will continue in business.

The Board of Management is responsible for proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Association and of the Group. The Board of Management must ensure that the Financial Statements comply with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2019 issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator. It is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Association and the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT ON INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

The Board of Management acknowledges its ultimate responsibility for ensuring that the Association and the Group has in place a system of controls that is appropriate for the business environment in which it operates. These controls are designed to give reasonable assurance with respect to:-

- the reliability of financial information used within the Association and the Group, or for publication;
- the maintenance of proper accounting records; and
- the safeguarding of assets against unauthorised use or disposition.

It is the Board of Management's responsibility to establish and maintain systems of Internal Financial Control. Such systems can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material financial mis-statement or loss. Key elements of the Association's and the Group's systems include ensuring that:-

- formal policies and procedures are in place, including the ongoing documentation of key systems and rules relating to the delegation of authority, which allow the monitoring of controls and restrict the unauthorised use of the Association's and the Group's assets;
- experienced and suitably qualified staff take responsibility for important business functions and annual appraisal procedures have been established to maintain standards of performance;
- forecasts and budgets are prepared which allow the management team and the Board of Management to monitor the key business risks, financial objectives and the progress being made towards achieving the financial plans set for the year and for the medium term;
- regular financial management reports are prepared promptly, providing relevant, reliable and up to date financial and other information, with significant variances from budget being investigated as appropriate;
- all significant new initiatives, major commitments and investment projects are subject to formal authorisation procedures, through the Board of Management;
- the Board of Management receive reports from management, and from external and internal auditors, to
 provide reasonable assurance that control procedures are in place and are being followed and that a
 general review of the major risks facing the Association and the Group is undertaken; and
- formal procedures have been established for instituting appropriate action to correct any weaknesses identified through internal or external audit reports.

The Board of Management have reviewed the system of internal financial control in existence in the Association and the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020 and until the date these financial statements have been signed. No weaknesses were found in internal financial controls which resulted in material losses, contingencies or uncertainties which require disclosure in the financial statements or in the Auditor's Report on the financial statements.

By or	der of the Board of Management
Evelyr Secre	n Ferguson / tary
Date:	24 June 2020

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CASSILTOUN HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Cassiltoun Housing Association Limited (the 'parent association') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 March 2020 which comprise the Group and Association Statements of Comprehensive Income, the Group and Association Statements of Changes in Capital and Reserves, the Group and Association Statements of Financial Position, the Group Statement of Cash Flows and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and parent association's affairs as at 31 March 2020 and of the group's and parent association's income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Co-operative and Community Benefits Societies (Group Accounts) Regulations 1969, Part 6 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2019 issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group and parent association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Board of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Board of Management has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the group's or the parent association's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CASSILTOUN HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Other information

The Board of Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our Auditor's Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 require us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- a satisfactory system of control over transactions has not been maintained by the parent association;
- the parent association has not kept proper accounting records; or
- the parent association's financial statements are not in agreement with the books of account; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we need for our audit.

Responsibilities of the Board of Management

As explained more fully in the Statement of the Board of Management's Responsibilities set out on page 10, the Board of Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Board of Management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Management is responsible for assessing the group's and the parent association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Management either intend to liquidate the group or the parent association or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and report in accordance with the Act and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CASSILTOUN HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditor's Report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the parent association's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 87 of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014.

Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the parent association's members, as a body, those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the parent association and the parent association's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Scott - Marchiett Audit Services

Scott-Moncrieff Audit Services, Statutory Auditor
Eligible to act as an auditor in terms of Section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006
25 Bothwell Street
Glasgow
G2 6NL

Date: 24 June 2020

REPORT BY THE AUDITOR TO THE MEMBERS OF CASSILTOUN HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

In addition to our audit of the Financial Statements, we have reviewed your statement on page 11 concerning the Association's compliance with the information required by the Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial controls contained within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes which are issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator.

Basis of Opinion

We carried out our review having regard to the requirements on corporate governance matters within Bulletin 2009/4 issued by the Financial Reporting Council. The Bulletin does not require us to review the effectiveness of the Association's procedures for ensuring compliance with the guidance notes, nor to investigate the appropriateness of the reason given for any non-compliance.

Opinion

In our opinion the Statement on Internal Financial Control on page 11 has provided the disclosures required by the relevant Regulatory Standards within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls and is consistent with the information which came to our attention as a result of our audit work on the Financial Statements.

Through our enquiry of certain members of the Board of Management and Officers of the Association and examination of relevant documents, we have satisfied ourselves that the Board's Statement on Internal Financial Control appropriately reflects the Association's compliance with the information required by the relevant Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial controls contained within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls.

Scott - Moneriett And t Services

Scott-Moncrieff Audit Services, Statutory Auditor
Eligible to act as an auditor in terms of Section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006
25 Bothwell Street
Glasgow
G2 6NL

Date: 24 June 2020

GROUP STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	Notes	2020 £	2019 £
Turnover	4	5,656,083	5,500,860
Operating expenditure	4	(4,704,634)	(4,629,384)
Operating surplus	4, 8	951,449	871,476
Interest receivable		24,113	29,452
Interest and financing costs	9	(278,712)	(288,385)
Surplus before tax		696,850	612,543
Taxation	10	-	-
Surplus for the year		696,850	612,543
Other comprehensive income			
Initial recognition of multi-employer defined benefit scheme Actuarial gain /(loss) on the SHAPS liability Actuarial gain / (loss) on the Strathclyde Pension Fund liability	21 21 22	702,000 169,000	(220,000) (136,000) (88,000)
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,567,850	168,543

The results for the year relate wholly to continuing activities.

ASSOCIATION STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	Notes	2020 £	2019 £
Turnover	4	5,072,326	5,022,499
Operating expenditure	4	(4,261,627)	(4,181,451)
Operating surplus	4, 8	810,699	841,048
Interest receivable		27,313	33,431
Interest and financing costs	9	(278,712)	(287,693)
Surplus before tax		559,300	586,786
Taxation	10	-	= 8
Surplus for the year		559,300	586,786
Other comprehensive income Initial recognition of multi-employer defined benefit scheme Actuarial gain /(loss) on the SHAPS liability Actuarial gain /(loss) on the Strathclyde Pension Fund liability Total comprehensive income for the year	21 21 22	702,000 169,000 1,430,300	(220,000) (136,000) (88,000) ——————————————————————————————————
			(

The results for the year relate wholly to continuing activities.

GROUP STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL AND RESERVES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	Share capital £	Restricted reserve £	Revenue reserve £	Total reserves £
Balance at 1 April 2019 Total comprehensive income for the year Shares issued during the year Shares cancelled during the year	250 - 29 (46)	10,741 - -	7,325,425 1,557,109 -	7,325,675 1,567,850 29 (46)
Balance at 31 March 2020	233	10,741	8,882,534	8,893,508

GROUP STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL AND RESERVES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	Share	Restricted	Revenue	Total
	capital	reserve	reserve	reserves
	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 April 2018	255	11,000	7,145,882	7,157,137
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(11,000)	179,543	168,543
Shares issued during the year	27	_	-	27
Shares cancelled during the year	(32)	-	-	(32)
Balance at 31 March 2019	250	_	7,325,425	7,325,675
	1000000			***************************************

ASSOCIATION STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL AND RESERVES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	Share	Revenue	Total
	capital	reserve	reserves
	£	£	£
Balance at 1 April 2019	250	6,919,925	6,920,175
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	1,430,300	1,430,300
Shares issued during the year	29	=:	29
Shares cancelled during the year	(46)	=	(46)
Balance at 31 March 2020	233	8,350,225	8,350,458
ACCOCIATION CTATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CARITAL AND			
ASSOCIATION STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL ANI	DRESERVES		
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019			
	Share	Revenue	Total
	capital	reserve	reserves
	£	£	£
Balance at 1 April 2018	255	6,777,139	6,777,394
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	142,786	142,786
Shares issued during the year	27	: 	27
Shares cancelled during the year	(32)	((32)
Balance at 31 March 2019	250	6,919,925	6,920,175
	12		

GROUP STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

Notes	£	2020	f	2019 £
	L	L	~	~
11a	35,569,527		31,699,484	
11b	487,397		492,521	
	0	36,056,924		32,192,005
14b	156,764		166,493	
15b	1,104,864		7,466,476	
	3,262,283		5,632,969	
16	(1,712,383)		(1,767,111)	
		1,549,900		3,865,858
		37,606,824		36,057,863
17		(28,567,316)		(27,666,188)
21				(780,000)
				(700,000)
22		(146,000)		(286,000)
		8,893,508		7,325,675
		5		
19		233		250
19				7,325,425
19		10,741		-
				Section Control of the Control of th
		8,893,508		7,325,675
	11a 11b 14b 15a 15b 16	11a 35,569,527 11b 487,397 14b 156,764 15a 2,000,655 15b 1,104,864 3,262,283 16 (1,712,383) 17 21 22	£ £ 11a 35,569,527 11b 487,397 36,056,924 14b 156,764 15a 2,000,655 15b 1,104,864 3,262,283 16 (1,712,383) 1,549,900 37,606,824 17 (28,567,316) 21 22 (146,000) 8,893,508 19 233 8,882,534	£ £ £ £ 11a 35,569,527 31,699,484 492,521 36,056,924 14b 156,764 166,493 15a 2,000,655 4,000,000 15b 1,104,864 5,632,969 16 (1,712,383) (1,767,111) 1,549,900 37,606,824 17 (28,567,316) 21 22 (146,000) 8,893,508 19 233 19 8,882,534

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Management on 24 June 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

George Kelly
Chair

Julie McNeil
Treasurer

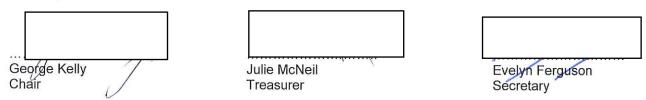
Evelyn Ferguson
Secretary

ASSOCIATION STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

			2020		2019
	Notes	£	£	£	2019 £
Tangible fixed assets		_	-	2	~
Housing properties	11a	35,569,527		31,699,484	
Other fixed assets	11b	62,855		54,358	
Investments	13	67,296		67,296	
		-		-	
Current assets			35,699,678		31,821,138
Debtors: Amounts falling due after more					
than one year	14a	50,000		70,000	
Amounts falling due within one year	14b	155,352		158,954	
Current asset investments	15a	2,000,655		4,000,000	
Cash and cash equivalents	15b	818,951		1,318,934	
		3,024,958		5,547,888	
Creditors: Amounts falling due within		3,024,930		5,547,666	
one year	16	(1,660,862)		(1,716,663)	
•					
Net current assets			1,364,096		3,831,225
Total assets less current liabilities			37,063,774		35,652,363
Creditors: Amounts falling due after					
more than one year	17		(28,567,316)		(27,666,188)
more than one year	1.1		(20,307,310)		(27,000,700)
Pension – SHAPS defined benefit liability	21		S a		(780,000)
Pension – Strathclyde Pension Fund					70 to a 1 mm oc. 1 mm
defined benefit liability	22		(146,000)		(286,000)
Net assets			8,350,458		6,920,175
Canital and recentes					
Capital and reserves Share capital	19		233		050
Revenue reserve	19				250
Novellue leselve	19		8,350,225		6,919,925
			8,350,458		6,920,175
			=====		=====

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Management on 24 June 2020 and signed on its behalf by:



GROUP STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	Not	tes	2020 £	2019 £
Net cash generated from operating activities	29	0 3,4	40,749	1,469,428
Cash flow from investing activities Purchase of housing properties Purchase of other fixed assets Government capital grants received Interest received			967,991) (35,733) (93,143 24,113	(1,935,396) (801) 1,902,129 29,452
		(3,1	86,468)	(4,616)
Cash flow from financing activities Interest paid Repayment of borrowings Issue of share capital		;; 	255,268) 360,654) 29	(266,385) (350,834) 27
			315,893) 	(617,192)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents in the	e year	(;	361,612)	847,620
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 April	15	5b 1,4	166,476	618,856
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 March	15	5b 1,′	104,864	1,466,476
(i) Analysis of changes in net debt				
	At 1 April 2019 £	Cash flows £	At 31 March 2020 £	
Cash and cash equivalents				
Cash Cash equivalents	1,466,476 4,000,000	(361,612) (1,999,345)	1,104,864 2,000,655	
Borrowings	5,466,476	(2,360,957)	3,105,519	
Debt due within one year Debt due after one year	(330,145) (6,430,748)	(25,437) 386,091	(355,582) (6,044,657)	
	(6,760,893)	360,654	(6,400,239)	
Total	(1,294,417)	(2,000,303)	(3,294,720)	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

1. General information

These financial statements are presented in Pounds Sterling (GBP), as that is the currency in which the Group's transactions are denominated. They comprise the financial statements of the Group, consisting of Cassiltoun Housing Association Limited and its two fully owned subsidiaries, Cassiltoun Trust and Cassiltoun Stables Nursery Limited drawn up for the year ended 31 March 2020.

The Association is defined as a public benefit entity and thus the Association complies with all disclosure requirements relating to public benefit entities. The Association is a registered social landlord in Scotland and its registered number is HCB 084.

The Association's Scottish Charity number is SC035544. The registered address is included on the first page of the financial statements.

2. Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and comply with the requirements of the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2019 as issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator and the Statement of Recommended Practice for Social Housing Providers issued in 2018. The principal accounting policies are set out below.

The preparation of these financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Association's accounting policies (see note 3).

A summary of the principal accounting policies is set out below.

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis of accounting subject to the revaluation of certain fixed assets and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The effect of events relating to the year ended 31 March 2020, which occurred before the date of approval of the financial statements by the Board of Management have been included in the statements to the extent required to show a true and fair view of the state of affairs as at 31 March 2020 and of the results for the year ended on that date.

(b) Going Concern

The Board of Management has a reasonable expectation that the Association and its subsidiaries have adequate resources, based on a review of long term forecasts to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements. As outlined in the Report of the Board of Management of the Association we have considered the expected impact of COVID-19 when arriving at this conclusion.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

(c) Turnover

Cassiltoun Housing Association Limited

Turnover represents rental and service charge income receivable, fees receivable and revenue grants receivable from the Scottish Government, Glasgow City Council and other agencies. Also included is any income from first tranche shared ownership disposals and management fees for the factoring of properties for private owners.

Cassiltoun Stables Nursery Limited

Incoming resources are recognised when the charitable company has legal entitlement to the funds, the receipt is probable and the amount can be measured reliably.

Cassiltoun Trust

All voluntary income including grants and bank interest is accounted for when the charitable company has legal entitlement to the funds, the receipt is probable and the amount can be measured reliably.

Rental income relates to let properties and is applied to the period in which it relates.

(d) Apportionment of management expenses

Direct employee, administration and operating expenditure have been apportioned to the relevant sections of the Statement of Comprehensive Income on the basis of costs of staff directly attributable to the operations dealt with in the financial statements.

The costs of cyclical and major repairs are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year in which they are incurred.

(e) Interest receivable

Interest receivable is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income using the effective interest method.

(f) Interest payable

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

(g) Housing properties

Properties included in housing properties are stated at cost. The cost of such properties includes the following:

- (i) cost of acquiring land and buildings;
- (ii) development expenditure including applicable overheads; and
- (iii) interest charged during the construction phase on the loans raised to finance the scheme.

These costs are either termed "qualifying costs" for approved Government Grant schemes or are considered for mortgage loans by the relevant lending authorities or are met out of the Association's reserves.

All invoices and architects' certificates relating to capital expenditure incurred in the year at gross value are included in the financial statements for the year, provided that the dates of issue or valuations are prior to the year end. Development costs are capitalised to the extent that they are attributable to specific schemes and where such costs are not excessive. Expenditure on schemes, which are subsequently aborted, is written off in the year in which it is recognised that the scheme will not be developed to completion.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

2. Principal accounting policies (continued)

(h) Sales of housing properties

Properties are disposed of under the appropriate legislation and guidance. All costs and grants relating to the share of property sold are removed from the financial statements at the date of sale. Any grants received that cannot be repaid from the proceeds of sale are abated and the grants removed from the financial statements.

First tranche Shared Ownership disposals are credited to turnover on completion, the cost of construction of these sales is taken to operating expenditure. Disposals of subsequent tranches are treated as fixed asset disposals with the gain or loss on disposal taken to the Statement of Comprehensive Income, in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice.

(i) Depreciation of housing properties

Housing Properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is charged on a straight line basis over the expected economic useful lives of each major component that makes up the housing property as follows:

Land	Not depreciated
Structure	Over 60 years
Roofs	Over 45 years
Electrical Wiring	Over 30 years
Windows	Over 25 years
Bathrooms	Over 20 years
Kitchens	Over 15 years
Heating (boilers and radiators)	Over 15 years

(j) Depreciation of other fixed assets

Other Fixed Assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is charged on a straight line basis over the expected economic useful lives of the assets at the following annual rates:

Furniture	20%	Vehicles	25%
Fixtures & Fittings	20%	IT Equipment	20%

(k) Capitalisation of major repairs expenditure

The Association capitalises major repairs expenditure where these works are a replacement or restoration of a separate identifiable component or where the works result in an enhancement of economic benefits of the tangible fixed assets. Such enhancement can occur if the improvements result in an increase in rental income, a reduction in future maintenance costs or a significant extension to the life of the component.

Works which fail to meet the above criteria are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

(I) Capitalisation of development overheads

Directly attributable development costs relating to development activities are capitalised in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice.

(m) Impairment of fixed assets

Reviews for impairment of fixed assets are carried out on an annual basis and any impairment in an incomegenerating unit is recognised by a charge to the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Impairment is recognised where the carrying value of an income-generating unit exceeds the higher of its net realisable value or its value in use or in the case of housing properties, its depreciated replacement cost. Value in use represents the net present value of expected future cash flows from these units.

(n) Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

2. Principal accounting policies (continued)

(o) Rental arrears

Rental arrears represent amounts due by tenants for rental of social housing properties at the year end. Management regularly review rental arrears and write them down to the amount deemed recoverable. Any provision deemed necessary is shown alongside gross rental arrears in Note 15b.

(p) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

(q) Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(r) Financial instruments

The Association only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and group undertakings.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at the present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade payables or receivables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration, expected to be paid or received. However if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a rental arrear deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

(s) Government capital grants

Government Capital Grants, at amounts approved by The Scottish Government or Glasgow City Council, are paid directly to the Association as required to meet its liabilities during the development process. This is treated as a deferred capital grant and is released to income in accordance with the accrual model over the useful life of the asset it relates to on completion of the development phase. The accrual model requires the Association to recognise income on a systematic basis over the period in which the Association recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate.

(t) Government revenue grants

Government revenue grants are recognised using the accrual model which means the Association recognises the grant in income on a systematic basis over the period in which the Association recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate.

(u) Non-government capital and revenue grants

Non-government capital and revenue grants are recognised using the performance model. If there are no performance conditions attached the grants are recognised as revenue when the grants are received or receivable.

A grant that imposes specific future performance related conditions on the recipient is recognised as revenue only when the performance related conditions are met.

A grant received before the revenue recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

2. Principal accounting policies (continued)

(v) Loans

Mortgage loans are advanced by financial institutions under the terms of individual mortgage deeds in respect of each property or housing scheme. Advances are available only in respect of those developments which have been given approval for Government Capital Grant by the Scottish Government or Glasgow City Council.

(w) Retirement benefits

The Scottish Housing Association Defined Benefits Pension Scheme

The Association participates in The Scottish Housing Associations' Defined Benefits Pension Scheme (SHAPS) and retirement benefits to employees of the Association are funded by the contributions from all participating employers and employees in the scheme. Payments are made in accordance with periodic calculations by consulting actuaries and are based on pension costs applicable across the various participating Associations taken as a whole.

The SHAPS is accounted for as a defined benefit scheme and as such the amount charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in respect of pension costs and other post-retirement benefits is the estimated regular cost of providing the benefits accrued in the year, adjusted to reflect variations from that cost. The interest cost is included within other finance costs/income. Actuarial gains and losses arising from new valuations and from updating valuations to the reporting date are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

Defined benefit schemes are funded, with the assets held separately from the Association in separate trustee administered funds. Full actuarial valuations, by a professionally qualified actuary, are obtained at least every three years, and updated to reflect current conditions at each reporting date.

The pension scheme assets are measured at fair value. The pension scheme liabilities are measured using the projected unit method and discounted at the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency. A pension scheme asset is recognised on the Statement of Financial Position only to the extent that the surplus may be recovered by reduced future contributions or to the extent that the trustees have agreed a refund from the scheme at the reporting date. A pension scheme liability is recognised to the extent that the Association has a legal or constructive obligation to settle the liability.

The Strathclyde Pension Fund

The Strathclyde Pension fund is accounted for as a defined benefit scheme and as such the amount charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in respect of pension costs and other post retirement benefits is the estimated regular cost of providing the benefits accrued in the year, adjusted to reflect variations from that cost. The interest cost is included within other finance costs/income. Actuarial gains and losses arising from new valuations and from updating valuations to the reporting date are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

Defined benefit schemes are funded, with the assets held separately from the Association in separate trustee administered funds. Full actuarial valuations, by a professionally qualified actuary, are obtained at least every three years, and updated to reflect current conditions at each reporting date.

The pension scheme assets are measured at fair value. The pension scheme liabilities are measured using the projected unit method and discounted at the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency. A pension scheme asset is recognised on the Statement of Financial Position only to the extent that the surplus may be recovered by reduced future contributions or to the extent that the trustees have agreed a refund from the scheme at the reporting date. A pension scheme liability is recognised to the extent that the Association has a legal or constructive obligation to settle the liability.

The Scottish Housing Association Defined Contribution Scheme

This is a defined contribution scheme. Employer contributions are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on an accruals basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

3. Judgements in applying policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions which affect reported income, expenses, assets, and liabilities. Use of available information and application of judgement are inherent in the formation of estimates, together with past experience and expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results in the future could differ from such estimates.

The members of the Board of Management consider the following to be critical judgements in preparing the financial statements:

- The categorisation of housing properties as property, plant and equipment in line with the requirements of the SORP;
- The amount disclosed as 'operating profit' is representative of activities that would normally be regarded
 as 'operating'; and
- The identification of a cash-generating unit for impairment purposes.

The members of the Board of Management are satisfied that the accounting policies are appropriate and applied consistently. Key sources of estimation have been applied as follows:

Estimate Useful lives of property, plant and equipment	Basis of estimation The useful lives of property, plant and equipment
Goordi III oo da pioporgi piana ama a quipinam	are based on the knowledge of senior management at the Association, with reference to expected asset life cycles.
The main components of housing properties and their useful lives	The cost of housing properties is split into separately identifiable components. These components were identified by knowledgeable and experienced staff members and based on costing models.
Recoverable amount of rental and other trade receivables	Rental arrears and other trade receivables are reviewed by appropriately experienced senior management team members on a case by case basis with the balance outstanding together with the payment history of the individual tenant being taken into account.
The obligations under the SHAPs pension scheme	This has relied on the actuarial assumptions of a qualified actuary which have been reviewed and are considered reasonable and appropriate.
The obligations under the Strathclyde Pension Fund	This has relied on the actuarial assumptions of a qualified actuary which have been reviewed and are considered reasonable and appropriate.
The allocation of costs for shared ownership	Management and administration costs are apportioned on the basis of costs of staff directly attributable to the management of the shared ownership units.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

4. Particulars of turnover, operating expenditure and operating surplus

2019 Operating Surplus/ (Deficit)	1,135,871 (262,845) 95,048 (96,598) 871,476	2019 Operating Surplus/ (Deficit) £	1,084,063 (243,015) 841,048
2019 Operating Expenditure £	(3,471,760) (657,883) (353,083) (146,658) (4,629,384)	2019 Operating Expenditure £	(3,523,568) (657,883) (4,181,451)
2019 Turnover	4,607,631 395,038 448,131 50,060 5,500,860	2019 Turnover	4,607,631 414,868 5,022,499
2020 Operating Surplus/ (Deficit)	1,034,383 (190,290) 195,765 (88,409) 951,449	2020 Operating Surplus/ (Deficit)	980,499 (169,800)
2020 Operating Expenditure	(3,743,040) (464,703) (367,663) (129,228) (4,704,634)	2020 Operating Expenditure	(3,796,924) (464,703) (4,261,627)
2020 Turnover	4,777,423 274,413 563,428 40,819 5,656,083	2020 Turnover	4,777,423 294,903 5,072,326
Notes	5 5 5 5	Notes	5a 5b
Group	Social Lettings Other Activities Cassiltoun Stables Nursery Limited Cassiltoun Trust TOTAL	Association	Social Lettings Other activities

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

5a. Particulars of turnover, operating expenditure and operating surplus from social lettings

Group	General Needs Housing £	Shared Ownership £	2020 £	2019 £
Social Lettings Rent receivable net of identifiable service charges Service charges receivable	4,257,286 13,671	7,019 1,506	4,264,305 15,177	4,096,545 14,582
Gross Income from Rents and Service Charges Less: Rent losses from voids Release of deferred Government capital	4,270,957 (7,604)	8,525 -	4,279,482 (7,604)	4,111,127 (5,993)
grants	505,545	-	505,545	502,497
Total Turnover from Social Letting Activities	4,768,898	8,525	4,777,423	4,607,631
Operating Expenditure Management & maintenance administration costs Service costs Planned and cyclical maintenance including major repairs Reactive maintenance Bad debts – rent and service charges Depreciation of social housing	1,338,072 60,554 424,929 735,778 30,001 1,080,677	4,104 - 750 642 - 3,194	1,406,515 60,554 425,679 736,420 30,001 1,083,871	1,185,445 40,968 490,465 686,646 13,764 1,054,472
Operating Expenditure for Social Letting Activities	3,734,350	8,690	3,743,040	3,471,760
Operating Surplus for Social Lettings 2020	1,034,548	(165)	1,034,383	
Operating Surplus for Social Lettings 2019	1,135,882	(11)		1,135,871

There is no other accommodation except for general needs and shared ownership housing.

The amount of service charges receivable on housing accommodation not eligible for Housing Benefit was £nil, (2019 - £nil).

Included in depreciation of social housing is £26,839 (2019 - £1,607) relating to the loss on disposal of components.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

5a. Particulars of turnover, operating expenditure and operating surplus from social lettings

A commence	Access to the second
Assoc	iation
, .000	IMEIOII

	General Needs Housing £	Shared Ownership £	2020 £	2019 £
Social Lettings Rent receivable net of identifiable				
service charges Service charges receivable	4,257,286 13,671	7,019 1,506	4,264,305 15,177	4,096,545 14,582
Gross Income from Rents and Service Charges	4,270,957	8,525	4,279,482	4 444 407
Less: Rent losses from voids Release of deferred Government capital	(7,604)	-	(7,604)	4,111,127 (5,993)
grants	505,545		505,545	502,497
Total Turnover from Social				
Letting Activities	4,768,898	8,525	4,777,423	4,607,631
Operating Expenditure Management & maintenance				
administration costs	1,456,295	4,104	1,460,399	1,237,253
Service costs Planned and cyclical maintenance	60,554	-	60,554	40,968
including major repairs Reactive maintenance	424,929 735,778	750 642	425,679 736,420	490,465 686,646
Bad debts – rent and service charges	30,001	-	30,001	13,764
Depreciation of social housing	1,080,677	3,194	1,083,871	1,054,472
Operating Expenditure for Social Letting Activities	3,788,234	8,690	2 706 024	2 522 560
Letting Activities	3,700,234	0,090	3,796,924	3,523,568
Operating Surplus for Social Lettings 2020	980,664	(165)	980,499	
Operating Surplus for Social Lettings 2019	1 001 071	(44)		4 004 000
2013	1,084,074	(11)		1,084,063

There is no other accommodation except for general needs and shared ownership housing.

The amount of service charges receivable on housing accommodation not eligible for Housing Benefit was £nil, (2019 - £nil).

Included in depreciation of social housing is £26,839 (2019 - £1,607) relating to the loss on disposal of components.

(262,845)

CASSILTOUN HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

5b – Particulars of turnover, operating expenditure and operating surplus or deficit from other activities	perating ex	penditure a	ind operating s	urplus or (deficit from	other activities		
Group	Grants from Scottish Ministers	Other revenue grants	Supporting people income	Other Income	Total Turnover £	Operating expenditure – bad debts	Other operating expenditure	Operating surplus/ (deficit) 2020
Wider role activities	10,000	150,096	1	2,012	162,108	ŧ	264,571	(102,463)
Care and repair of property Factoring	1 E		1 1	60,292	60,292	. 77	67,482	(7,261)
Development and construction of property activities	34,163	•	ı	1	34,163	3	47,279	(13,116)
Support activities	•	•	t	•	•	1	ı	ī
Care activities	ŧ	I	E	r	ı	•	•	r
Agency/management services for other RSLs	•	1	τ					
Agency/management services Developments for sale to		1	1	17,850	17,850	1	85,300	(67,450)
RSLs Developments and	1	ı	1	ı	1	1	1	
improvements for sale to RSLs	ı	1	ı	1	t	1	1	
Total from other activities 2020	44,163	150,096	1	80,154	274,413	7.1	464,632	(190,290)
Total from other activities 2019	100,814	225,565		68,659	395,038		(657,883)	

-(76,190)

(19,387)

13,293

(180,561)

Operating surplus/ (deficit) 2019

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

other activities
or deficit from
snld
sur
ind operating s
and (
g expenditure a
peratin
over, o
of turn
Particulars o
2p -

rating expenditure and operating surplus or deficit from other activities	Operating Operating Operating Other surplus surplus surplus deficit deficit 2020 2019 £	571 (102,463) (180,561)		67,482 (7,261) 13,293		(01-61)	,		85,300 (46,960) (56,360)	1			632 (169,800)	883) (243,015)
	edo	264,571		67,	. 47				85,3				464,632	(657,883)
	Operating expenditure – bad debts	j	1	71			ï			•		,	71	1
	Total Turnover £	162,108	1	60,292	34 163		1		38,340			Ĭ	294,903	414,868
	Other Income £	2,012		60,292		1			38,340	i		•	100,644	88,489
	Supporting people income	į		1	Ĭ	3	ı			ľ		Į	ï	3
	Other revenue grants	150,096		ı	•	1	•		1	1			150,096	225,565
	Grants from Scottish Ministers	10,000	1		34.163				1	ı		ĭ.	44,163	100,814
5b – Particulars of turnover, operating expenditure and	Association	Wider role activities	Care and repair of property	Factoring	Development and construction of	Support activities	Care activities	Agency/management services for other RSLs	Agency/management services	Developments for sale to RSLs	Developments and	improvements for sale to RSLs	Total from other activities 2020	Total from other activities 2019

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

6. Directors' emoluments – Group and Association

The Directors are defined as the members of the Board of Management, the Chief Executive and any other person reporting directly to the Chief Executive or the Board of Management. No emoluments were paid to any member of the Board of Management during the year.

The Association considers key management personnel to be the Board of Management and the Executive Management Team, consisting of the Chief Executive, Director of Finance and Director of Operations.

	2020	2019
	£	£
Emoluments of Chief Executive (excluding pension contributions)	75,000	86,439

The Chief Executive is an ordinary member of the Association's SHAPs pension scheme described in Note 21. No enhanced or special terms apply to membership and he has no other pension arrangements to which the Association contributes. The Association's contributions for the Chief Executive in the year amounted to £45,987 (2019 - £47,315), which includes a proportion of the deficit contribution payment made to the scheme in the year (Note 21).

	2020 £	2019 £
Emoluments of key management personnel (excluding pension contributions)	217,929	226,570
Aggregate pensions payable to key management personnel (including past service deficit contributions)	106,250	101,696
Employers NI paid in respect of key management personnel	27,056	28,296
Total expenses reimbursed insofar as not chargeable to UK income tax	2020 £	2019 £
Total Emoluments	2020 Number	2019 Number
£85,001 - £90,000 £70,001 - £75,000 £65,001 - £70,000	0 3 0	1 1 1

No (2019 - no) other staff had emoluments (excluding pension contributions) that exceeded £60,000.

7. Employee information

Group	2020 Number	2019 Number
The average full time equivalent number of persons employed by the Association was as follows: Administration and maintenance (Association) Nursery staff	28.2 19.4 47.6	28.4 19.0 47.4

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

7.	Employee information (continued)		
	Group	2020 £	2019 £
	Staff costs were: Wages and Salaries Social Security Costs Pension Costs Defined benefit pension - staff service cost – Strathclyde Scheme Defined benefit pension - staff service cost – SHAPS	1,255,882 107,590 128,536 22,000 46,339 1,560,347	1,238,763 111,572 129,155 15,000 14,000 1,508,490
	Association	2020	2019
	The average number of full time equivalent employees during the year was:	Number	Number
	Administration and maintenance	28.2	28.4
	Staff costs were:	2020 £	2019 £
	Wages and Salaries Social Security Costs Pension Contributions Defined benefit pension - staff service cost - Strathclyde Scheme Defined benefit pension - staff service cost - SHAPS	965,910 96,134 122,026 22,000 46,339 1,252,409	966,236 98,072 124,705 15,000 14,000 1,218,013
8.	Operating surplus		
	Group	2020 £	2019 £
	Operating surplus is stated after charging:-	~	~
	Depreciation - Tangible Owned Fixed Assets Depreciation - Loss on disposal of components Auditor's Remuneration - Audit Services (exc VAT) - Other Services (exc VAT)	1,111,966 26,839 17,481 1,545	1,087,381 1,607 15,910 1,500
	Association	2020	2019
	Operating surplus is stated after charging:-	£	£
	Depreciation – Tangible Owned Fixed Assets Depreciation – Loss on disposal of components Auditor's Remuneration - Audit Services (exc VAT) - Other Services (exc VAT)	1,098,345 26,839 9,085 1,545	1,073,520 1,607 8,820 1,500

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

9.	Interest payable		
	Group	2020 £	2019 £
	On bank loans and overdrafts SHAPS defined benefit pension scheme – interest expense (Note 21) Strathclyde Pension Fund defined benefit pension scheme – interest	254,712 17,000	266,385 17,000
	expense (Note 22)	7,000 278,712	5,000 288,385
	Association	2020 £	2019 £
	On bank loans and overdrafts	254,712	265,693
	SHAPS defined benefit pension scheme – interest expense (Note 21) Strathclyde Pension Fund defined benefit pension scheme – interest expense (Note 22)	17,000 7,000	17,000 5,000
		278,712	287,693

10. Taxation

The Association was granted charitable status with effect from 18 May 2004 and no tax now arises on its charitable activities. No corporation tax is due on the Association's other activities due to the loss incurred (2019 - £nil). Both subsidiaries are charities and thus no tax is due in respect of their activities (2019 - £nil).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

11. Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation At 1 April 2019

Charge for year

At 31 March 2020

Net Book Value As at 31 March 2020

As at 31 March 2019

On disposals during year Property Components

(a)	Housing Properties Group and Association	Housing Properties Held for Letting £	Housing Properties Under Construction £	Completed Shared Ownership Properties £	Total £
	Cost				
	At 1 April 2019	44,951,453	2,454,091	159,602	47,565,146
	Additions during year	3 5 0 5		•	and the telephone to
	Property	47,323	4,197,312	a	4,244,635
	Components	723,356		-	723,356
	Disposals during year				
	Property				
	Components	(280,287)		-	(280, 287)
	At 31 March 2020	45,441,845	6,651,403	159,602	52,252,850
			\$ (1		i.

15,822,914

1,067,915

(253,448)

16,637,381

28,804,464

29,128,539

Additions to housing properties during the year includes no capitalised interest (2019 - £nil) and no capitalised administration costs (2019 - £nil). All housing properties are freehold.

6,651,403

2,454,091

The Association would not be able to sell its properties without the repayment of Government Capital Grants

15,865,662

1,071,109

(253,448)

16,683,323

35,569,527

31,699,484

42,748

45,942

113,660

116,854

3,194

CASSILTOUN HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

assets
fixed
Tangible
÷

(b) Other Fixed Assets

Group	Freehold Property	I.T. Equipment £	Furniture £	Fixtures & Fittings	Vehicles £	Total £
Cost At 1 April 2019 Additions	470,000	200,155 35,733	32,001	136,245	37,935	876,336 35,733
Disposals At 31 March 2020	470,000	164,441	32,001	136,245	37,935	840,622
Depreciation At 1 April 2019 Charge for year	47,000 9,400	153,986 24,867	20,842 3,029	132,875 826	29,112 2,735	383,815 40,857
Removed on disposal At 31 March 2020	56,400	107,406	23,871	133,701	31,847	353,225
Net Book Values At 31 March 2020	413,600	52,035	8,130	2,544	880'9	487,397
At 31 March 2019	423,000	46,169	11,159	3,370	8,823	492,521

CASSILTOUN HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

11. Tangible fixed assets (continued)

(b) Other Fixed Assets

Association Cost	I.T. Equipment £	Furniture £	Fixtures & Fittings £	>	Total £
At 1 April 2019 Additions Disposals	195,449 35,733 (71,447)	15,820	127,049	37,935	376,253 35,733 (71,447)
At 31 March 2020	159,735	15,820	127,049	37,935	340,539
Depreciation	ļ	j j			
At 1 April 2019	150,781	15,747	126,255	29,112	321,895
Charge for year	23,979	73	449	2,735	27,236
Disposals	(71,447)	•		•	(71,447)
At 31 March 2020	103,313	15,820	126,704	31,847	277,684
Net Book Value					
At 31 March 2020	56,422		345	6,088	62,855
At 31 March 2019	44,668	73	794	8,823	54,358

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

2. Housing stock		
Group and Association	2020	2019
Number of units of accommodation in management at the year end:	Number	Number
General Needs - New Build & Buchanan Lodge	244	244
- Rehabilitation	771	771
Shared Ownership	<u> </u>	3 1,018
3. Investments		
Association	2020	2019
	£	£
At 1 April	67,296	67,296
Impairment	, <u>-</u>	, <u> </u>
At 31 March	67,296	67,296
4a. Debtors - Amounts receivable after more than one year		
4a. Debtors - Amounts receivable after more than one year Association	2020	2040
	2020 £	2019 £
Association	£	£
Association	£ 50,000	£ 70,000
Association Loan to subsidiary undertaking 4b. Debtors - Amounts receivable within one year	£ 50,000	£ 70,000
Association Loan to subsidiary undertaking	£ 50,000 50,000	£ 70,000 70,000
Association Loan to subsidiary undertaking 4b. Debtors - Amounts receivable within one year	£ 50,000 50,000 2020 £ 143,511	£ 70,000 70,000 2019 £ 101,352
Association Loan to subsidiary undertaking 4b. Debtors - Amounts receivable within one year Group Arrears of rent and service charges Trade debtors	£ 50,000 50,000 2020 £ 143,511 15,071	2019 £ 101,352 19,438
Association Loan to subsidiary undertaking 4b. Debtors - Amounts receivable within one year Group Arrears of rent and service charges	£ 50,000 50,000 2020 £ 143,511 15,071 (44,761)	£ 70,000 70,000 2019 £ 101,352 19,438 (32,910)
Association Loan to subsidiary undertaking 4b. Debtors - Amounts receivable within one year Group Arrears of rent and service charges Trade debtors Less: bad debt provision	£ 50,000 50,000 2020 £ 143,511 15,071 (44,761) 113,821	2019 £ 101,352 19,438 (32,910) 87,880
Association Loan to subsidiary undertaking 4b. Debtors - Amounts receivable within one year Group Arrears of rent and service charges Trade debtors	£ 50,000 50,000 2020 £ 143,511 15,071 (44,761)	2019 £ 101,352 19,438 (32,910)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

14b. E	Debtors - Amounts receivable within one year (continued)		
P	Association	2020	2019
		£	£
A	Arrears of rent and service charges	143,511	101,352
L	ess: bad debt provision	(41,102)	(31,011)
F	Prepayments and accrued income	102,409 22,555	70,341 49,895
(Other debtors	20,388	28,718
L	oan to subsidiary undertaking	10,000 155,352	10,000 158,954
		155,352	100,904
15a C	Surrent asset investments – Group and Association		
iou. c	arrent asset my comments. Stoup and Assessation	2020	2019
		£	£
F	Restricted deposits	2,000,655	4,000,000
15b. C	ash and cash equivalents		
G	Group	2020	2019
		£	£
	Balances with banks	1,101,491	1,462,460
	Deposits with banks (up to 30 days' notice)	3,373 1,104,864	4,016 1,466,476
		1,104,004	1,400,470
Α	ssociation		2010
		2020 £	2019 £
Year			
	Balances with banks Deposits with banks (up to 30 days' notice)	815,578 3,373	1,314,918 4,016
_	reposits with banks (up to 55 days notice)	818,951	1,318,934
16. C	reditors - Amounts falling due within one year		
9	Group	2020	2019
	·	£	£
	Bank loans (note 17)	355,582	330,145
	Trade creditors	148,220	95,256
	Other taxation and social security	27,086 159,547	30,378 304 343
	Accruals and deferred income Rent in advance	159,547 162,441	394,343 173,704
	Deferred capital grant (note 18)	502,912	502,533
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	Retentions	159,909	44,480
		159,909 196,686 1,712,383	44,480 196,272 1,767,111

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

16. Cre	ditors - Amounts	falling	due within	one year	(continued)
---------	------------------	---------	------------	----------	-------------

Association	2020 £	2019 £
Bank loans (note 17) Trade creditors Other taxation and social security Accruals and deferred income Rent in advance Deferred capital grant (note 18) Retention creditor Other creditors	355,582 140,752 24,413 118,167 162,441 502,912 159,909 196,686 1,660,862	330,145 91,247 26,371 351,911 173,704 502,533 44,480 196,272 1,716,663

Pension contributions of £nil were outstanding at the year end (2019 - £nil).

17. Creditors - Amounts falling due after more than one year

Group and Association	2020 £	2019 £
Bank loans Deferred capital grants (note 18)	6,044,657 22,522,659	6,430,748 21,235,440
, , ,	28,567,316	27,666,188

Bank loans are secured by specific charges on the Housing Association's housing properties and are repayable at rates of interest of 1.2% to 6.4% (2019 - 1.0% to 6.4%) in instalments, due as follows:-

The net book value of housing properties secured at the year-end was £21,093,833 (2019 - £21,093,833). These are over Barclays, Nationwide and CAF banks. The loan with CAF bank has not been drawdown at the year end.

	2020	2019
	£	£
Within one year	355,582	330,145
Between one and two years	368,573	342,249
Between two and five years	1,190,318	1,105,379
In five years or more	4,485,766	4,983,120
•	6,400,239	6,760,893
Less: Amount shown in current liabilities	(355,582)	(330,145)
	6,044,657	6,430,748

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	18.	Deferred capital grants – Group and Association	2020 £	2019 £
		Deferred capital grants at 1 April Grants received in year Released to income in the year Released to income in year on disposal Deferred capital grants at 31 March	21,737,973 1,793,143 (502,610) (2,935) 23,025,571	20,338,341 1,902,129 (502,497) - 21,737,973
		Liability split as: < 1 year 1 – 2 years 2 – 5 years > 5 years	502,912 502,912 1,508,736 20,511,011 23,025,571	502,533 502,533 1,507,599 19,225,308 21,737,973
1	9.	Share Capital	2020 £	2019 £
		Shares of £1 each fully paid and issued as at 1 April Shares issued in year Shares cancelled in year As at 31 March 2020	250 29 (46) 233	255 27 (32) 250

Reserves

Revenue Reserve

The revenue reserve includes all current and prior year retained surpluses or deficits and transfers to/from the restricted reserve.

Restricted Reserve

Funds received from Glasgow City Council for staffing.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

2020				
Surplus for the year 696,850 612,543 Adjustments for non cash items: 26,839 - Carrying amount of tangible fixed asset disposals 26,839 - Depreciation of tangible fixed assets (including loss on disposal of components) 1,111,966 1,088,988 SHAPS defined benefit pension liability 63,339 31,000 Strathclyde Pension Scheme pension liability 29,000 20,000 Decrease / (increase) in debtors 9,729 15,003 Decrease / (increase) in current asset investments 1,999,345 (200,000) (Decrease) / increase in creditors (80,544) 299,490 Shares cancelled in the year (46) (32) Adjustments for investing and financing activities: - - Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets - - Interest payable 255,268 266,385 Interest received (24,113) (29,452) Release of deferred Government capital grant (502,610) (502,497) Released to income in the year on disposals of Government Grants (2,935) - SHAPS past service deficit payment (132,000)	20.	Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities – Group	2020	2019
Adjustments for non cash items: Carrying amount of tangible fixed asset disposals Depreciation of tangible fixed assets (including loss on disposal of components) SHAPS defined benefit pension liability Strathclyde Pension Scheme pension liability Decrease / (increase) in debtors Decrease / (increase) in current asset investments Decrease / (increase) in current asset inve			£	_
Carrying amount of tangible fixed asset disposals Depreciation of tangible fixed assets (including loss on disposal of components) SHAPS defined benefit pension liability Strathclyde Pension Scheme pension liability Decrease / (increase) in debtors Decrease / (increase) in current asset investments (Decrease) / increase in creditors (Decrease) / increase in creditors Shares cancelled in the year Adjustments for investing and financing activities: Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets Interest payable Interest received Release of deferred Government capital grant Released to income in the year on disposals of Government Grants SHAPS past service deficit payment 1,111,966 1,088,988 1,111,966 1,088,988 1,111,966 1,088,988 1,111,966 1,088,988 1,111,966 1,088,988 1,000 20,000		Surplus for the year	696,850	612,543
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets (including loss on disposal of components) SHAPS defined benefit pension liability Strathclyde Pension Scheme pension liability Decrease / (increase) in debtors Decrease / (increase) in current asset investments Decrease / (increase) in debtors Decrease / (increase) in deb		Adjustments for non cash items:		
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets (including loss on disposal of components) SHAPS defined benefit pension liability Strathclyde Pension Scheme pension liability Decrease / (increase) in debtors Decrease / (increase) in current asset investments Decrease / (increase) in debtors Decrease / (increase) in deb		Carrying amount of tangible fixed asset disposals	26,839	-
SHAPS defined benefit pension liability Strathclyde Pension Scheme pension liability Decrease / (increase) in debtors Decrease / (increase) in current asset investments Decrease / (increase) in debtors Decrease / (increase) / (increase				
Strathclyde Pension Scheme pension liability Decrease / (increase) in debtors Decrease / (increase) in current asset investments Decrease / (increase) in debtors Decrease / (inc		components)	1,111,966	1,088,988
Decrease / (increase) in debtors Decrease / (increase) in current asset investments Decrease / (increase) in		SHAPS defined benefit pension liability	63,339	31,000
Decrease / (increase) in current asset investments (Decrease) / increase in creditors (Shares cancelled in the year Adjustments for investing and financing activities: Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets Interest payable Interest received Release of deferred Government capital grant Released to income in the year on disposals of Government Grants SHAPS past service deficit payment 1,999,345 (200,000) (80,544) 299,490 (46) (32) 255,268 266,385 (24,113) (29,452) (502,497) (502,497) (502,497) (132,000)		Strathclyde Pension Scheme pension liability	29,000	20,000
(Decrease) / increase in creditors Shares cancelled in the year Adjustments for investing and financing activities: Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets Interest payable Interest received Release of deferred Government capital grant Released to income in the year on disposals of Government Grants SHAPS past service deficit payment (80,544) (29,490) (46) (32) (32) 255,268 (266,385) (24,113) (29,452) (502,497) (502,497) (502,497) (132,000)		Decrease / (increase) in debtors	9,729	15,003
Shares cancelled in the year Adjustments for investing and financing activities: Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets Interest payable Interest received Release of deferred Government capital grant Released to income in the year on disposals of Government Grants SHAPS past service deficit payment (46) (32) (32) (46) (32) (46) (52) (52) (52) (54) (502,497) (502,497) (502,497) (502,497) (132,000)		Decrease / (increase) in current asset investments	1,999,345	(200,000)
Adjustments for investing and financing activities: Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets Interest payable Interest received Release of deferred Government capital grant Released to income in the year on disposals of Government Grants SHAPS past service deficit payment Adjustments for investing and financing activities:		(Decrease) / increase in creditors	(80,544)	299, <i>4</i> 90
Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets Interest payable Interest received Interest received Release of deferred Government capital grant Released to income in the year on disposals of Government Grants SHAPS past service deficit payment - 255,268 266,385 (29,452) (502,610) (502,497) (502,497) - (141,339) (132,000)		Shares cancelled in the year	(46)	(32)
Interest payable 255,268 266,385 Interest received (24,113) (29,452) Release of deferred Government capital grant (502,610) (502,497) Released to income in the year on disposals of Government Grants (2,935) - SHAPS past service deficit payment (141,339) (132,000)		Adjustments for investing and financing activities:		
Interest received (24,113) (29,452) Release of deferred Government capital grant (502,610) (502,497) Released to income in the year on disposals of Government Grants (2,935) - SHAPS past service deficit payment (141,339) (132,000)		Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets	-	-
Release of deferred Government capital grant Released to income in the year on disposals of Government Grants SHAPS past service deficit payment (502,497) (2,935) (132,000)		Interest payable	255,268	266,385
Released to income in the year on disposals of Government Grants SHAPS past service deficit payment (2,935) (132,000)		Interest received	(24,113)	(29,452)
SHAPS past service deficit payment (141,339) (132,000)		Release of deferred Government capital grant	(502,610)	(502,497)
SHAPS past service deficit payment (141,339) (132,000)			(2,935)	-
Net cash generated from operating activities 3,440,749 1,469,428		SHAPS past service deficit payment	(141,339)	(132,000)
		Net cash generated from operating activities	3,440,749	1,469,428

21. Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme

General

Cassiltoun Housing Association Limited participates in the Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (the "Scheme") which is funded.

The Scheme is a multi-employer defined benefit scheme. The Scheme offers six benefit structures to employers, namely:

- Final Salary with a 1/60th accrual rate.
- Career average revalued earnings with a 1/60th accrual rate.
- Career average revalued earnings with a 1/70th accrual rate.
- Career average revalued earnings with a 1/80th accrual rate.
- Career average revalued earnings with a 1/120th accrual rate contracted in.
- Defined contributions (DC) option.

An employer can elect to operate different benefit structures for their active members (as at the first day of April in any given year) and their new entrants. The DC option can be introduced by the employer on the first day of any month after giving a minimum of three months' prior notice.

Cassiltoun Housing Association Limited has elected to continue to offer the final salary with a 1/60th accrual rate benefit structure for existing members as at 1 April 2017 and also offer a Defined Contribution scheme to new employees. During the accounting period the Housing Association effectively paid contributions at the rate of 16.7% (excluding the past service deficit) of pensionable salaries in respect of the defined benefit structure. Member contributions were 12.3%. There was an additional annual employer past service deficit contribution of £141,339 made in the year ended 31 March 2020 (2019 - £132,000). The contributions under the Defined Contribution Scheme were 6% from the employer and 4% for the employee.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

21. Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (continued)

General (continued)

The Trustees commission an actuarial valuation of the Scheme every three years. The main purpose of the valuation is to determine the financial position of the Scheme in order to determine the level of future contributions required, so that the Scheme can meet its pension obligations as they fall due.

The actuarial valuation assesses whether the Scheme's assets at the valuation date are likely to be sufficient to pay the pension benefits accrued by members as at the valuation date. Asset values are calculated by reference to market values. Accrued pension benefits are valued by discounting expected future benefit payments using a discount rate calculated by reference to the expected future investment returns.

As at the balance sheet date there were 7 active members of the Defined Benefit Scheme and 18 active members of the Defined Contributions Scheme employed by the Association.

The last triennial valuation of the Scheme was performed as at 30 September 2018 by a professionally qualified actuary using the "projected unit credit" method. The market value of the Scheme's assets at the valuation date was £877 million. The valuation revealed a shortfall of assets compared to liabilities of £121 million, equivalent to a past service funding level of 89%.

If an actuarial valuation reveals a shortfall of assets compared to liabilities the Trustee must prepare a recovery plan setting out the steps to be taken to make up the shortfall.

The key valuation assumptions used to determine the assets and liabilities of the Scheme as at 30 September 2018 are detailed below:

-	Investment return pre retireme	nt		3.12% per annum
-	Investment return post retirem	ent -	Non-pensioners	3.12% per annum
	Investment return post retirem	ent -	Pensioners	3.12% per annum
	Rate of salary increases			3.35% per annum
	Rate of pension increases - pe	ension a	ccrued pre 6 April 2005	2.00% per annum
	pe	ension ac	ccrued from 6 April 2005	1.70% per annum
	(fc	or leaver	s before 1 October 1993	pension increases
		e 5%)		
8 .5	Rate of price inflation	N 104 WA 14		3.35% per annum

The Trustee's view is that a new recovery plan is required from 1 April 2020 with a past service deficit contribution rate of £157,425, increasing by 3% per annum until the scheme is assessed for 30 September 2022. If the results show no deficit is identified, then deficit contributions will cease from that date. If, however the results show the deficit has not been cleared then these deficit contributions will continue until 31 March 2023.

The SHAPS defined benefit pension liability is accounted for as a defined benefit pension scheme from 1 April 2018 onwards. In accordance with FRS 102 section 28, the operating and financing costs of pension and post retirement schemes (determined by TPT) are recognised separately in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Service costs are systematically spread over the service lives of the employees and financing costs are recognised in the period in which they arise. The difference between actual and expected returns on assets during the year, including changes in the actuarial assumptions, is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

21. Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (continued)

At 1 April 2018, on initial recognition of the multi-employer defined benefit scheme, the opening adjustment to the liability was £220,000 to recognise a liability of £745,000 as at 1 April 2018.

Present values of defined benefit obligation, fair value of assets and defined benefit liability

2020 £'000	2019 £'000
5,455	5,123
(5,455)	(5,903)
	(780)
	£'000 5,455

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the defined benefit obligation

Year ended	Year ended
31 March	31 March
2020	2019
£'000	£'000
(5,903)	(4,794)
(94)	(91)
(4)	(4)
(134)	(123)
(33)	(41)
(56)	(583)
36	(17)
526	(338)
207	88
(5,455)	(5,903)
	2020 £'000 (5,903) (94) (4) (134) (33) (56) 36 526 207

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

21. Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (continued)

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the fair value of plan assets

	Year ended 31 March 2020 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2019 £'000
Fair value of plan assets at start of the period Interest income Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest	5,123 117	4,049 106
income) Contributions by the employer Contributions by participants Benefits paid and expenses	196 193 33 (207)	802 213 41 (88)
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	5,455	5,123
Defined benefit costs recognised in Statement of Comprehensive Inco	me	ж
	Year ended 31 March 2020 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2019 £'000
Current service cost Contributions Admin expenses Net interest expense	94 33 4 17	91 41 4 17
Defined benefit costs recognised in Statement of Comprehensive Income	148	153
	Year ended 31 March 2020 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2019 £'000
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest cost - gain Experience gains and losses arising on the plan liabilities – gain Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the	196 (56)	802 (583)
Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation – gain/(loss) Effects of changes in the financial assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation – gain/(loss)	36 526	(17) (338)
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income – gain/(loss)	702	(136)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

21. Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (continued)

Fund allocation for employer's calculated share of assets		
	March	31 March
	2020	2019
	£'000	£'000
Global Equity	750	824
Absolute Return	335	434
Distressed Opportunities	100	87
Credit Relative Value	131	89
Alternative Risk Premia	437	286
Fund of Hedge Funds	-	14
Emerging Markets Debt	194	164
Risk Sharing	173	149
Insurance-Linked Securities	146	133
Property	102	102
Infrastructure	322	215
Private Debt	108	66
Opportunistic Illiquid Credit	133	-
Corporate Bond Fund	399	359
Liquid Credit	143	-
Long Lease Property	133	62
Secured Income	303	179
Over 15 Year Gilts	69	132
Liability Driven Investment	1,436	1,823
Net Current Assets	41	5
Total Assets	5,455	5,123

The main financial assumptions used by the Scheme Actuary, TPT, in their FRS 102 calculations are as follows:

Assumptions as at	31 March 2020 % per annum
Discount rate	2.35%
Inflation (RPI)	2.56%
Inflation (CPI)	1.56%
Salary growth	2.56%
Allowance for commutation of pension for cash at retirement	75%
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	of maximum
	allowance

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

21. Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (continued)

The mortality assumptions adopted at 31 March 2020 imply the following life expectancies:

	Life expectancy at age 65 (years)
Male retiring in 2020	21.5
Female retiring in 2020	23.2
Male retiring in 2040	22.8
Female retiring in 2040	24.5

Life expectancy is based on the Fund's VitaCurves with improvements in line with the CMI 2017 model with an allowance for smoothing of recent mortality experience and long term rates of 1.25% p.a. for males and 1% p.a. for females.

Member data summary

Active members			
	Number	Total earnings (£'000s p.a.)	Average age (unweighted)
Males	3	155	42
Females	3	162	51
Total	6	317	47
Deferred members			
	Number	Deferred pensions	Average age
		(£'000s p.a.)	(unweighted)
Males	1	8	54
Females	1	1	52
Total	2	9	53
Pensioners			
	Number	Pensions	Average age
		(£'000s p.a.)	(unweighted)
Males	6	76	62
Females	4	36	70
Total	10	112	65

Employers debt on withdrawal

Following a change in legislation in September 2005 there is a potential debt on the employer that could be levied by the Trustee of the Scheme. The debt is due in the event of the employer ceasing to participate in the Scheme or the Scheme winding up. The debt for the Scheme as a whole is calculated by comparing the liabilities for the Scheme (calculated on a buy-out basis i.e. the cost of securing benefits by purchasing annuity policies from an insurer, plus an allowance for expenses) with the assets of the Scheme. If the liabilities exceed assets there is a buy-out debt.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

21. Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (continued)

The leaving employer's share of the buy-out debt is the proportion of the Scheme's liability attributable to employment with the leaving employer compared to the total amount of the Scheme's liabilities (relating to employment with all the employers). The leaving employer's debt therefore includes a share of any 'orphan' liabilities in respect of previously participating employers. The amount of the debt therefore depends on many factors including total Scheme liabilities, Scheme investment performance, the liabilities in respect of current and former employees of the employer, financial conditions at the time of the cessation event and the insurance buy-out market. The amounts of debt can therefore be volatile over time.

The Association has been notified by the Pensions Trust of the estimated employer debt on withdrawal from the Scheme based on the financial position of the Scheme as at 30 September 2018. As of this date the estimated employer debt for the Association was £3,518,120.

GMP equalisation

Guaranteed Minimum Pension (GMP) is the minimum pension which an occupational pension scheme in the UK has to provide for those employees who were contracted out of the State Earnings-Related Pension Scheme (SERPS).

Both pension scheme members and sponsoring employers paid lower National Insurance contributions at the time of accrual given the lower benefits being accrued for the member by the state.

Women can currently receive their GMP benefits at age 60 compared to age 65 for men. GMP also accrued at a faster rate for women than men. Historically some defined benefit schemes had different retirement ages for men and women. Therefore schemes are required to "equalise" pension ages and overall benefit scales between males and females. The Scheme actuary is therefore required to estimate the impact of GMP and include an allowance for the increase in calculated liabilities.

22. Strathclyde Pension Scheme

Cassiltoun Housing Association Limited participates in the Strathclyde Pension Fund which is a statutory multi-employer defined benefit scheme. It is administered by Glasgow City Council in accordance with the Local Government Pension Scheme (Scotland) Regulations 1998, as amended.

From 1 April 2015, the Scheme changed from a final salary 1/60th accrual scheme to a CARE 1/45th accrual scheme.

The main financial assumptions used by the Council's Actuary, Hymans Robertson, in their calculations are as follows:

Assumptions as at	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Pension increases	1.8%	2.4%
Salary increases	2.9%	3.6%
Discount rate	2.3%	2.5%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

22. Strathclyde Pension Scheme (continued)

The average future life expectancies at age 65 are summarised below:

Mortality	Males	Females
Current Pensioners	20.7	22.9
Future Pensioners	22.2	24.6

The sensitivities regarding the principal assumptions used to measure the scheme liabilities are set out below:

Sensitivity Analysis	Approximate % increase to Employer Liability	Approximate Monetary amount (£000)
0.5% decrease in Real Discount Rate	13%	229
0.5% increase in the Salary Increase Rate	4%	67
0.5% increase in the Pension Increase Rate	9%	156

The table below compares the present value of the scheme liabilities, based on the Actuary's assumptions, with the estimated employer assets.

Net Pension Liability as at	31 March 2020 £000	31 March 2019 £000
Estimated Employer Assets (A)	1,551	1,573
Present Value of Scheme Liabilities Present Value of Unfunded Liabilities	(1,697)	(1,859) -
Total Value of Liabilities (B)	(1,697)	(1,859)
Net Pension Liability (A) – (B)	(146)	(286)

Analysis of the amount charged to operating profit:	Year to 31 March 2020 £'000	Year to 31 March 2019 £'000
Service cost Contributions Past service cost Curtailment and settlements Decrease in irrecoverable surplus	60 (38) - -	52 (37) - - -
Total operating charge		15
Net Interest cost		5

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

22. Strathclyde Pension Scheme (continued)

	Year to 31 March 2020 £ 000	Year to 31 March 2019 £ 000
Analysis of the amount recognised in the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income:		
Actuarial gain / (loss) recognised as other comprehensive income	169	(88)
Movement in pension deficit during the year		
	Year to 31 March 2020 £ 000	Year to 31 March 2019 £ 000
Deficit in scheme at beginning of year Current service cost Employer contributions Other income Other outgoings (e.g. expenses, etc.) Past service costs Impact of settlements and curtailments Net interest cost	(286) (60) 38 - - - - (7)	(178) (52) 37 - - - - (5)
Actuarial gain / (loss)	169	(88)
Deficit at end of year	(146) ———	(286)

Employer contributions for the year ended 31 March 2021 are expected to be £39k.

GMP equalisation

Guaranteed Minimum Pension (GMP) is the minimum pension which an occupational pension scheme in the UK has to provide for those employees who were contracted out of the State Earnings-Related Pension Scheme (SERPS).

Both pension scheme members and sponsoring employers paid lower National Insurance contributions at the time of accrual given the lower benefits being accrued for the member by the state.

Women can currently receive their GMP benefits at age 60 compared to age 65 for men. GMP also accrued at a faster rate for women than men. Historically some defined benefit schemes had different retirement ages for men and women. Therefore schemes are required to "equalise" pension ages and overall benefit scales between males and females. The Scheme actuary is therefore required to estimate the impact of GMP and include an allowance for the increase in calculated liabilities.

The impact of GMP equalisation for the Association is not expected to be significant and the scheme actuaries will perform the calculation in 2020/21.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

23. Related party transactions

Board members

The Association has members of the Board of Management who are also tenants. The total rent charged in the year relating to those Board of Management members was £33,276 (2019 - £37,063). The total rent arrears relating to tenant Board of Management members included within debtors at the year-end was £0 (2019 - £245). The total prepaid rent relating to tenant Board of Management members included within creditors at the year-end was £2,818 (2019 - £2,243).

Cassiltoun Trust

The Housing Association has two subsidiaries: Cassiltoun Stables Nursery Limited and Cassiltoun Trust.

The Housing Association is the sole member of Cassiltoun Trust, a charitable company limited by guarantee. Three members of the Housing Association are Directors of the Trust.

During the year management fees totalling £8,070 + VAT (2019 - £7,830 + VAT) were charged from the Housing Association.

The Association entered into a ten year agreement in 2019 to lease office space from Cassiltoun Trust. Under this lease rent of £53,884 (2019 - £51,808) is charged from Cassiltoun Trust.

No amounts are due to/from Cassiltoun Trust (2019 - £nil).

In the year ended 31 March 2020 Cassiltoun Trust made a surplus of £14,269 (2019 - £1,525) and had net assets of £497,986 (2019 - £483,717).

Cassiltoun Stables Nursery Limited

Cassiltoun Stables Nursery Limited is a company limited by guarantee and was formed in July 2012. Its sole member is Cassiltoun Housing Association Limited. Three members of the Housing Association are Directors of the Nursery.

In October 2012 the Housing Association made available a loan of £100,000 to Cassiltoun Stables Nursery Limited at normal commercial rates. Interest of £3,244 (2019 - £4,004) is charged on the loan being at the rate of Bank of England base + 4%. The loan is repayable over 10 years once the Nursery traded profitably without grant funding from the Association, so there is no set payment amounts or dates. A repayment of £20,000 (2019 - £10,000) was made in the year. A repayment of £10,000 is expected in the next financial year and thus the loan is treated as a debtor falling due after more than one year. At the year-end £10,000 (2019 - £10,000) was due less than 1 year and £50,000 (2019 - £70,000) was due greater than 1 year to the Housing Association in respect of this loan.

Management fees totalling £12,420 + VAT (2019 - £12,000 + VAT) were charged by the Housing Association to the Stables Nursery.

In the year ended 31 March 2020 Cassiltoun Stables Nursery Limited made a surplus of £123,281 (2019 - £24,232) and had net assets of £112,360 (2019 - £(10,921)).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

24. Contingent liabilities

Capital Government Grants allocated to components are amortised over the useful life of the structure and recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. In the event the Association sells a housing unit it may be liable to pay back to the Scottish Government or Glasgow City Council any Capital Government Grant receivable in the construction of the housing units.

There is also a contingent liability in relation to the Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme and this has been fully detailed in Note 21.

25. Revenue commitments

At 31 March future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases were as follows:

	Office	Office
	space	space
Association	2020	2019
	£	£
Operating leases payable:		
Not later than one year	55,488	53,884
Later than one year and not later than five		
years	177,816	129,792
Greater than five years	267,360	292,032
	500,664	475,708

The office space revenue commitment is in respect of five rooms leased from Cassiltoun Trust.

26.	Capital Commitments – Group and Association	2020 £	2019 £
	Contracted for but not provided in these accounts	805,000	5,479,400
	This is to be funded by: HAG Private Finance Reserves	805,000 - 805,000	1,610,000 2,500,000 1,369,400 5,479,400
	Approved by the Board of Management but not contracted for	9,450,000	7,200,000